

**LAW No. 06/L –031**

**ON PRESSURE EQUIPMENT**

**Assembly of the Republic of Kosovo,**

Based on Article 65 (1) of the Constitution of the Republic of Kosovo,

Approves

**LAW ON PRESSURE EQUIPMENT**

**CHAPTER I  
GENERAL PROVISIONS**

**Article 1  
Purpose**

1. The purpose of this Law is to determine the essential principles that enable guarantees for the safety of the pressure equipment and assemblies and essential safety conditions and requirements for economic operators that manufacture, manage or use simple pressure vessels, pressure equipment, transportable pressure equipment or aerosols.

2. This law is partially in compliance with:

2.1. Directive 2014/68/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 May 2014 on the harmonisation of the laws of the Member States relating to the making available on the market of pressure equipment;

2.2. Directive 2014/29/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 February 2014 on the harmonisation of the laws of the Member States relating to the making available on the market of simple pressure vessels;

2.3. Directive 2010/35/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 June 2010 on transportable pressure equipment and repealing Council Directives 76/767/EEC, 84/525/EEC, 84/526/EEC, 84/527/EEC and 1999/36/EC;

2.4. Commission Directive 2008/47/EC of 8 April 2008 amending, for the purposes of adapting to technical progress, Council Directive 75/324/EEC on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to aerosol dispensers.

**Article 2  
Scope**

1. This Law includes the essential safety terms and requirements to be applied for the design, manufacture, conformity assessment, use and maintenance of pressure equipment and assemblies subject to a manometric working pressure of more than 0.5 bar.

2. The provisions of this Law shall apply to pressure equipment and assemblies that are new or old in the market, including new equipment and assemblies by producers established in Kosovo, or pressure equipment and assemblies which are new or old, imported from abroad.

3. The provisions of this Law shall not apply to:

3.1. bottles or cans for carbonated drinks for final consumption;

3.2. radiators and pipes in warm water heating;

3.3. pipelines comprising piping or a system of piping designed for the conveyance of any fluid or substance to or from an installation starting from and including the last isolation device located within the confines of the installation, including all the annexed equipment designed specifically for pipelines; this exclusion shall not apply to standard pressure equipment such as may be found in pressure reduction stations or compression stations;

3.4. pipelines for supply, distribution and discharge of water with component equipment and main segments of hydroelectric systems,

3.5. engines including turbines and internal combustion engines, steam engines, gas-steam turbines, turbo-generators, compressors, pumps and actuating devices; and

3.6. pressure equipment consisting of flexible rubber wrap, air cushions, play balls, inflatable boats and similar pressure equipment.

### **Article 3** **Definitions**

1. Terms used in this Law shall have the following meaning:

1.1. **Minister** - Minister of Ministry responsible for pressure equipment;

1.2. **Ministry** - Ministry responsible for pressure equipment;

1.3. **Compression** – compression of air, steam or gases;

1.4. **LPG** – liquid petroleum gas;

1.5. **Pressure equipment** - vessels, piping, safety accessories and pressure accessories, including, where applicable, elements attached to pressurised parts, such as flanges, couplings, supports, lifting lugs;

1.6. **Piping** - Piping components intended for the transport of fluids, when connected together for integration into a pressure system. Piping includes in particular a pipe or system of pipes, fittings, expansion joints, hoses, or other pressure-bearing components as appropriate as well as heat exchangers consisting of pipes for the purpose of cooling or heating fluid;

1.7. **Transportable pressure equipment** - pressure vessels (canisters, pipes, canister batteries); detachable cisterns, mobile reservoirs, tanker reservoirs, tanker cisterns used for the transportation of gases and certain hazardous substances including their valves and other accessories used for transport;

1.8. **Aerosols** - any single use metallic, glass or plastic vessels containing liquid or solvents compressed with gas, paste or powder and containing a valve through which solid or liquid particles, foams, pastes, dusts or liquids are distributed;

1.9. **Safety accessories**- devices designed to protect pressure equipment against the allowable limits being exceeded, including devices for direct pressure limitation, such as safety valves, controlled safety pressure relief systems, limiting devices such as pressure, temperature or fluid level switches and regulation devices;

1.10. **Assemblies** – several pieces of pressure equipment assemblies by a manufacturer to constitute an integrated and functional whole;

1.11. **Pressure** - relative pressure versus atmospheric pressure, i.e. manometric pressure;

1.12. **Simple pressure vessel** - any welded vessel connected into a single entirety, subjected to internal manometric pressure greater than 0.5 bar determined to hold air or nitrogen and not intended to be exposed to flame;

1.13. **Fluids** - gases, liquids and vapours in pure phase as well as mixtures thereof. Fluids may contain a heterogeneous mixture of small solid particles and fluids of solids;

1.14. **Inspector** - Pressure Equipment Inspector, responsible for the inspection supervision of the implementation of this Law and sub-legal acts issued according to this Law;

1.15. **Certificate** - a document certifying compliance with basic technical safety requirements for pressure equipment and assemblies;

1.16. **Notified body** - body for supervision of conformity assessment in the design and production phases of a pressure equipment or installation, according to the definition of the relevant technical regulation;

1.17. **Authorized body** - economic operator registered and authorized for conformity assessment including periodic checks and reviews of pressure equipment and assemblies;

1.18. **User Inspectorate** - an authorized body which carries out conformity assessment including periodic reviews and periodic inspections of pressure equipment and assemblies, within the group to which it belongs;

1.19. **Grouping** - an economic operator who manufactures and uses pressure equipment and assemblies;

1.20. **Conformity Assessment** -the process demonstrating whether the essential

safety requirements relating to pressure equipment or assemblies have been fulfilled;

1.21. **Declaration of Conformity** - is a document confirming that the essential safety requirements for pressure equipment and assemblies have been fulfilled;

1.22. **CE marking** - a marking by which the manufacturer indicates that the pressure equipment or assembly is in conformity with the applicable requirements set out in Union harmonisation legislation providing for its affixing;

1.23. **Mark π** - a marking which indicates that the transportable pressure equipment is in conformity with the applicable conformity assessment requirements;

1.24. **Placing on the market** - the first making available of pressure equipment or assemblies on the market;

1.25. **Putting into service** - the first use of pressure equipment or an assembly by its user;

1.26. **Manufacturer** - any economic operator who manufactures pressure equipment or assemblies;

1.27. **Authorized Representative** - any economic operator with a place of business in Kosovo authorized in writing by the manufacturer to carry out its duties on its behalf;

1.28. **Importer** - any economic operator with a place of business in Kosovo who places equipment or assemblies under pressure from other countries in the market;

1.29. **Distributor** - any economic operator in the supply chain which is distinguished from the manufacturer or importer and puts on the market pressure equipment or assemblies; and

1.30. **Economic operator** - manufacturer, installer, authorized representative, importer, distributor or user of pressure equipment and assemblies.

## CHAPTER II

### ESSENTIAL SAFETY REQUIREMENTS FOR PRESSURE EQUIPMENT

#### Article 4

##### Essential safety requirements

1. Pressure equipment and assemblies shall meet the essential safety requirements laid down in this Law and relevant applicable legislation in terms of the design, manufacture, conformity assessment, use, technical control and inspection for each group of pressure equipment and assemblies.

2. Essential safety requirements for pressure equipment and assemblies:

2.1. the pressure equipment and assemblies shall be designed according to this Law

taking into account all relevant factors into account in order to ensure that the equipment will be safe throughout its intended life. The design shall incorporate appropriate safety coefficients using comprehensive methods which are known to incorporate adequate safety margins against all relevant failure modes in a consistent manner;

2.2. the manufacturer shall ensure professional implementation of measures defined in the design stage by applying the relevant techniques and methods for manufacturing;

2.3. pressure equipment and assemblies should be protected with safety devices from exceeding allowable pressure and temperature limits;

2.4. pressure equipment and assemblies shall fulfil essential safety requirements during periodic or special technical examinations and reviews as foreseen by the technical rules.

3. The ministry shall, through special sub-legal acts, define the essential safety requirements for pressure equipment and assemblies in accordance with this Law, applicable legislation and applicable standards.

### **CHAPTER III PLACING ON THE MARKET**

#### **Article 5 Placing on the market**

1. Economic operator should be responsible for the compliance of pressure equipment and assemblies with the requirements of this law and of their role in the supply chain, so as to ensure a high level of protection of public interests, such as health and safety of persons, protection of domestic animals and of property, and to guarantee fair competition on the market.

2. Before placing the pressure equipment and assemblies on the market, manufacturers shall ensure that they are designed and manufactured in accordance with the essential safety requirements provided in Article 4 of this Law.

3. Before placing them on the market, the manufacturer, its authorized representative, end importer or trader of pressure equipment and assemblies shall be obliged to possess technical and review documentation for each pressure equipment and assembly, verifying that the equipment or assembly meets the essential-security requirements provided with this Law and sub-legal acts deriving from this Law.

4. Pressure equipment and assemblies, prior to being placed on the market, shall be provided with a declaration of conformity and the “CE” marking issued by the manufacturer, including the identification number of the notified body which has been involved in production phase. Equipment shall also be accompanied by appropriate instructions for use.

5. Before placing on the market, the transportable pressure equipment must have the Pi (π) mark placed by the manufacturer, indicating that the equipment is in conformity with the applicable conformity assessment requirements.

6. Placement in the market of pressure equipment which do not have identification plates with technical data and technical documentation is not allowed.

7. When placing pressure equipment or assemblies on the market, each importer shall place on the pressure equipment and assembly the business' name or registered trade mark and address. Exceptions to this rule is allowed if the size or shape of the equipment does not allow it; in these cases it shall be put in the packaging.

8. Import of pressure equipment older than ten (10) years is not allowed.

## **CHAPTER IV OBLIGATIONS OF ECONOMIC OPERATOR**

### **Article 6 Obligations of the Manufacturer**

1. Before placing the pressure equipment or assembly on the market, manufacturers shall ensure that they are designed and manufactured in accordance with basic essential safety requirements provided in Article 4 of this Law.

2. For pressure equipment or assemblies, the manufacturer shall compile technical documentation and makes conformity assessment or shall engage the body for conformity assessment. If conformity to basic safety requirements for pressure equipment and assemblies is proven by the notified body is demonstrated, the manufacturer shall then compile a declaration of conformity and place the conformity mark. When compiling the declaration of conformity, the manufacturer shall assume responsibility for conformity of the pressure equipment or assembly.

3. The manufacturer must keep the technical documentation and the declaration of conformity assessment for at least ten (10) years after the placing on the market of pressure equipment or assemblies.

4. Manufacturers of pressure equipment or assemblies should, by marking the type or serial number, enable their identification, and if the size or nature of the pressure equipment or assembly does not allow this, the data shall be marked in the packaging or other accompanying documentation.

### **Article 7 Authorized Representatives**

1. A manufacturer may, by a written mandate, appoint an authorised representative for the placing on the market of the pressure equipment or assemblies.

2. An authorised representative shall perform the tasks specified in the mandate received from the manufacturer. The mandate shall allow the authorised representative to do at least the following:

2.1. keep the declaration of conformity and the technical documentation at the disposal of national market surveillance authorities for ten (10) years after the pressure equipment or assembly has been placed on the market;

2.2. further to a reasoned request from a competent national authority, provide that authority with all the information and documentation necessary to demonstrate the conformity of the pressure equipment or assembly; and

2.3. cooperate with the competent national authorities, at their request, on any action taken to eliminate the risks posed by the pressure equipment or assembly covered by the authorised representative's mandate.

### **Article 8**

#### **Obligations of importer**

1. Importer is only allowed to place in the market pressure equipment or assemblies that meet the conformity requirements.

2. Before placing on the market the pressure equipment or assemblies, importer shall ensure that the appropriate conformity assessment procedure has been carried out by the manufacturer based on the technical rules. Importer shall be ensured that manufacturer has drawn up the technical documentation and that the pressure equipment or assembly has the conformity marking and accompanied by adequate instructions for use appropriate operating instructions attached.

3. Importers shall indicate their name, registered trade name or registered trade mark and the postal address at which they can be contacted on the pressure equipment or assembly. The contact details shall be in a language easily understood by consumers, other users and market surveillance authorities.

4. Importers shall, for ten (10) years after the pressure equipment or assembly has been placed on the market, keep a copy of the EU declaration of conformity at the disposal of the market surveillance authorities.

5. Importer is considered manufacturers and are subjected to the obligations of manufacturers if the pressure equipment or assembly is placed on the market under its name or trademark.

### **Article 9**

#### **Obligations of Distributor**

1. Before placing the pressure equipment or assembly on the market, the distributor shall verify that the equipment has a conformity mark placed and that the technical documentation is attached.

2. Before placing the pressure equipment or assembly on the market, the distributor shall verify whether appropriate instructions for use are attached thereto, in a language that the user of the equipment understands without difficulty.

### **Article 10**

#### **Obligations of User**

1. User of pressure equipment and assembly shall be fully responsible for the safe operation of the pressure equipment and assembly as well as for carrying out their inspection and checks.

2. User of pressure equipment and assembly must have relevant technical documentation as well as the technical-technological project of the equipment and assemblies installed.
3. User of pressure equipment and assemblies shall engage with authorized bodies to carry out conformity assessments, including controls, reviews and evaluation of technical safety of the pressure equipment and assembly.
4. After receiving the certificate and prior to using the pressure equipment and assembly, user is obliged to inform the pressurized equipment inspector by submitting the report and the certificate issued by the authorized body.
5. User is obliged to provide to the staff using pressure equipment/assemblies necessary instructions and appropriate trainings for the use of pressure equipment and assemblies.
6. User of the pressure equipment and assemblies are obliged to keep the technical and review documentation until the equipment and assemblies are in use.
7. Use of pressure equipment and assemblies is prohibited if periodic or special technical checks result that they do not meet the essential safety requirements as provided in technical rules.
8. The use of pressure equipment and assemblies is prohibited if the period of validity of periodic technical controls has expired

#### **Article 11**

##### **Installation of pressure equipment and assemblies**

1. Installer must install the pressure equipment and assemblies as per the technical-technological design, and must apply the relevant technical regulations for pressure equipment and assemblies.
2. Installer performing installation of pressure equipment and assemblies shall make their installation according to the order of integral parts and in line with the specifications and procedures, and shall be responsible for the works performed.
3. Installer of pressure equipment and assemblies must be registered in Kosovo based on legislation into force and have staff with adequate professional skills for the installation and placement of pressure equipment.

#### **Article 12**

##### **Conformity assessment bodies**

1. Authorized Body shall carry out conformity assessment, including periodic technical checks and pressure equipment and assemblies' inspections under this Law and other sub-legal acts derived from this Law, shall compile a detailed report with descriptions of procedures with which conformity assessment has been carried out, and two (2) copies of the report shall be submitted to the owner or user of the pressure equipment.
2. If the report concludes that the basic technical security requirements of the pressure equipment and assembly are met, the authorized body shall issue a certificate to the owner or user of the pressure equipment and assembly.

3. The designer, manufacturer, supplier, installer, buyer, owner, user and maintainer of pressure equipment and assemblies which it controls and examines cannot be staff of authorized body for conformity assessment.
4. The body responsible for conformity assessment and its staff shall perform periodic technical checks and inspections of pressure equipment and assemblies in a high degree of professionalism, and are free from any kind of pressure and incitement, especially financial, that may affect them in the assessment, or in the results of the checks and reviews, particularly by people who have an interest in the outcome of such checks and reviews.
5. The authorized body for conformity assessment shall be able to perform periodic technical checks and reviews without damaging the pressure equipment and assembly for which it is authorized, irrespective of whether it carries out these tasks alone or on its behalf and responsibility.
6. Authorized body for conformity assessment, including periodic technical checks and reviews of pressure equipment and assemblies, at any time and for any type or category of pressure equipment for which it is authorized, shall have available:
  - 6.1. required staff with technical and professional skills for carrying out periodic checks and inspections of pressure equipment and assemblies;
  - 6.2. descriptions of procedures for conformity assessment, ensuring transparency and the possibility of reuse of these procedures; and
  - 6.3. equipment required for carrying out technical and administrative works related to periodic checks and inspections of pressure equipment and assemblies.
7. The Authorized Body for Conformity Assessment, including periodic checks and inspections of pressure equipment and assemblies, shall keep business secrecy in relation to the data obtained during the execution of the works.
8. Conformity assessment, including periodic checks and inspections of pressure equipment and assemblies, under this Law and sub-legal acts derived from this Law, may be performed by a registered and authorized body in Kosovo.
9. Criteria for granting authorization, obligations and responsibilities for the authorized body for conformity assessment shall be determined in a sub-legal act approved by the Minister.

### **Article 13**

#### **User Inspectorate**

1. Pressure equipment and assembly is permitted to be used by the manufacturer and user even in cases the conformity assessment for the basic technical safety requirements has been done by the user inspectorate for conformity assessment.
2. The pressure equipment and assembly, the conformity assessment of which has been made by the user inspectorate, shall not include the "CE" marking.
3. The user inspectorate for conformity assessment is only allowed to act for the group which

manufactures and uses pressure equipment and assemblies, part of which is the body.

4. Pressure equipment and assembly, as per paragraph 1 of this Article, can only be used in the facilities on which the group is run, consisting of the user inspectorate. The grouping is obliged to undertake appropriate security measures related to the technical specification for design, manufacture, control, maintenance and use of the pressure equipment and assembly.

5. The user inspectorate shall issue a certificate for meeting the basic technical safety requirements for the pressure equipment and assembly.

6. The conformity assessment methods applied by the user inspectorate are based on the applicable legislation.

7. The criteria for granting authorization, obligations and responsibilities for the user inspectorate for conformity assessment shall be determined by a sub-legal act approved by the Minister.

#### **Article 14**

##### **Authorization of economic operators for the examination and filling canisters of liquefied petroleum gas or technical gases**

1. Authorized economic operators for the examination and filling liquefied petroleum gas or technical gas canisters shall conduct examination, filling of canisters and is also responsible for their storage, transportation, maintenance and technical control.

2. Canisters for technical gases or canisters for liquefied petroleum gas are allowed to be filled only by an authorized economic operator.

3. Economic operators selling filled canisters are prohibited from supply by an economic operator hat is not authorized for examination and filling of canisters.

4. Filling of LPG in points of sale for fuel and retail LPF is prohibited.

5. Economic operators for the examination and filling of containers shall be authorized by the responsible ministry.

6. The criteria for granting authorization, obligations and responsibilities for authorized economic operators for the examination and filling of containers with liquefied petroleum gas or technical gases shall be determined by a sub-legal act approved by the Minister.

#### **Article 15**

##### **Inspection of breakdowns**

1. In every case of damages to pressure equipment or assembly with consequences to life, health, property of citizens and the environment, the user must immediately notify the inspector for pressure equipment regarding the intention to inspect the defect.

2. Interventions or replacements on the site of the damaged pressure equipment or assembly is prohibited until the inspection of the breakdown is completed, except in cases where the life of humans, material goods and the environment is endangered.

3. The user of the pressure equipment and assembly is obliged to provide the pressure equipment inspector any required data concerning the inspection of the breakdown.

4. Upon completion of the inspection of the breakdown, the inspector shall compile a report assessing the causes of the breakdown and shall provide recommendations for further actions.

#### **Article 16**

#### **Complaints of the damaged party**

In case the breakdown to pressure equipment or assembly causes material damages, injury to people or environmental contamination, injured parties shall have the right to seek compensation for damages to the competent court.

### **CHAPTER V SUPERVISION**

#### **Article 17**

#### **Supervision and Inspection**

1. Administrative supervision of the implementation of this Law and sub-legal acts derived from this Law shall be conducted by the responsible Ministry through the inspector for pressure equipment.

2. The Inspector for pressure equipment shall operate under the Energy Inspectorate of the responsible Ministry.

3. The inspector for pressure equipment must be a mechanical engineer.

#### **Article 18**

#### **Duties and rights of the Inspector for Pressure Equipment**

1. The Inspector for Pressure Equipment shall supervise the implementation of the provisions of this Law and sub-legal acts derived from this Law.

2. The Inspector for Pressure Equipment shall maintain evidences of inspections, breakdowns and shall keep a registry of pressurized equipment in use.

3. The Inspector for Pressure Equipment is entitled to access, at any time, the premises where the pressure equipment and assemblies are used.

4. The Inspector for Pressure Equipment orders the prohibition of the use of pressure equipment and assemblies until the omissions and flaws are eliminated.

5. The Inspector for Pressure Equipment orders the removal of the pressure equipment and assemblies in cases where they do not meet the basic safety requirements.

6. The Inspector for Pressure Equipment, in the case of an inspection, drafts an inspection report

which verifies that the basic safety requirements for the pressure equipment and assemblies are met.

7. The Inspector for Pressure Equipment issues administrative measures or penalties for offenses determined in accordance with Article 20 of this Law.

8. The Inspector for Pressure Equipment shall require the support of Kosovo Police in cases where he/she:

8.1. is obstructed during the performance of official duty;

8.2. order to stop the use of pressure equipment and assemblies is not enforced, which poses a risk to the life, health, environment or property of people; and

8.3. is unreasonably prevented from entering the premises where the pressure equipment and assemblies are located or used, for the purpose of carrying out the inspection.

9. For the performance of these tasks, the inspector for pressure equipment, if necessary, shall cooperate with competent bodies of central and local government.

10. The Inspector for Pressure Equipment shall have the right to request from authorized bodies any information concerning the field of inspection of pressure equipment and assemblies, which he/she shall use for the purpose of exercising his/her activity, while maintaining the confidentiality in line with legislation into force.

#### **Article 19**

#### **Independence and impartiality of the inspector**

1. The Inspector for Pressure Equipment cannot be the designer, manufacturer, supplier, installer or user of pressure equipment and assemblies which he inspects.

2. The Inspector for Pressure Equipment cannot intervene directly or indirectly in the design, manufacture, installation, trade or maintenance of pressure equipment and assemblies, or represent the party that participates in this activity.

3. The Inspector for Pressure Equipment shall perform inspections in a professional manner and with full responsibility and shall not be affected by any incentive, particularly financial, which may affect the fairness of the inspection.

### **CHAPTER VI**

### **PUNITIVE PROVISIONS**

#### **Article 20**

#### **Minor offence sanction with a fine**

1. The Inspector for Pressure Equipment shall impose a fine for minor offences provided under this Law.

2. For violations of Article 5, Article 10, paragraphs 2, 3 and 4 of Article 14, paragraphs 1, 2 and 3 of Article 15, there shall be fined the following:

2.1. natural persons and the persons in charge of the legal person, from thirty euro (30€) to two thousand euro (2000 €);

2.2. natural persons who exercise individual businesses, from two hundred euro (200 €) to five thousand euro (5000 €);

2.3. legal person, from five hundred euro (500 €) to twenty thousand euro (20,000 €).

3. The minor offense decision shall also define the deadline for the payment of the fine of fifteen (15) to ninety (90) days.

4. In the case of payment of the fine within the deadline defined in the offense order, the offender is released from the payment of fifty percent (50%) of the amount of the fine issued.

5. If the offender partially or completely fails to pay the fine within the defined deadline, the Inspectorate should initiate court proceedings at the competent court.

6. After the payment of the fine, a copy of the payment shall be submitted to the Inspector for Pressure Equipment.

#### **Article 21**

##### **General rules for measuring offense sanctions**

1. The Inspector for Pressure Equipment shall set the height of the minor offence taking into account all mitigating and aggravating circumstances, in particular the gravity of the offense and consequences, the degree of liability, the circumstances under which the minor offence was committed and the condition of its property.

2. In case of a repeat offense, consideration will be paid to the fact whether the earlier offense is of the same nature as the new offense, whether the two (2) offenses have been committed in the same circumstances and how much time has passed from the earlier offense sanction.

3. When considering the minor offense sanction as an aggravating circumstance, sanction imposed earlier shall not be considered if more than two (2) years have passed since the day of the final offense decision.

#### **Article 22**

##### **Appeal**

1. The dissatisfied party, within eight (8) days from the day of the receipt of the decision, may submit an appeal against the decision of the inspector for pressure equipment to the Energy Inspectorate, which shall decide on the appeal within thirty (30) days from the day of receipt of the appeal. The appeal filed against the decision of the inspector for pressure equipment shall not stay the execution of this decision.

2. The dissatisfied party shall have the right to initiate an administrative dispute against the Energy Inspectorate's decision in accordance with the applicable Law on the general administrative procedure.

**Article 23**  
**Publication**

The Inspectorate responsible for pressure equipment and assemblies shall publish the measures undertaken against economic operators for the purpose of informing the public.

**CHAPTER VII**  
**TRANSITIONAL AND FINAL PROVISIONS**

**Article 24**  
**Transitional Provisions**

1. For the purpose of implementing this Law, the Ministry shall issue sub-legal acts determined by this Law, within twelve (12) months after the entry into force of this Law.
2. Until the issuance of sub-legal acts according to paragraph 1 of this Article, the sub-legal acts into force shall be valid, as far as they are not in contradiction with this Law.

**Article 25**  
**Repeal**

This Law shall repeal Law No. 02/L-103 on Pressure Equipment.

**Article 26**  
**Entry into force**

This Law shall enter into force fifteen (15) days after publication in the Official Gazette of the Republic of Kosovo

**Law No.06/L - 031**  
**30 March 2018**

**Promulgated by Decree No.DL-011-2018, dated 17.04.2018, President of the Republic of Kosovo Hashim Thaçi.**